

a new one, on motion made within a reasonable time after discovery by the moving party of matters constituting the grounds upon which the motion for a new trial or vacation of judgment is made.

Subpart E—Warrants; Arrests; Special Procedures

§ 762.80 Warrants.

(a) *Arrest warrants.* (1) Any judge of the Midway Islands Court may issue a warrant for arrest if, upon complaint, it appears that there is probable cause to believe an offense has been committed and that the person named in the warrant has committed it. Probable cause, as used herein, means that there exist facts which are sufficient to lead a reasonably prudent and cautious man to a natural conclusion that the person to be arrested committed the offense for which he is to be arrested. The issuing officer shall:

- (i) Place the name of the person charged with the offense in the warrant, or, if his name is not known, any name or description by which he can be identified with reasonable certainty;
- (ii) Sign the warrant;
- (iii) Describe in the warrant the offense charged;
- (iv) Issue the warrant to a security patrolman, shore patrolman, or other duly designated peace officer for execution; and
- (v) Place in the warrant a command that the person charged with the offense be arrested and brought before him.

(2) Each person making an arrest on the Midway Islands shall take the arrested person, without unnecessary delay, before the Officer-in-Charge, U.S. Naval Air Facility, Midway Island, or a judge of the Midway Islands Court, as appropriate.

(3) The official before whom an arrested person is brought shall inform him of the complaint against him. The official shall also advise the arrested person that he has the right to remain silent and make no statement; that any statement made, whether oral or written, may be used against him, that he has the right to consult with a lawyer and to have a lawyer with him during questioning and to seek advice be-

fore answering any questions; that he may employ civilian counsel of his own choice and at his own expense; that if he cannot afford a lawyer, or is a service member, the court will appoint one for him if he so desires; and that, if he decides to answer questions, he has the right to stop answering at any time and terminate the interrogation. Before any security patrolman, shore patrolman, or other duly designated peace officer questions any person arrested, he must advise the arrested person of his rights, as set forth above, whether such questioning occurs before or after the arrested person is brought before the appropriate official as designated above in this section. No warnings need be given, however, prior to general on-the-scene questioning or identification inquiries.

(b) *Search warrants.* (1) Any judge of the Midway Islands Court may issue a warrant for search and seizure, if, after dispassionate and impartial consideration of all evidence, information, and circumstances involved, probable cause is deemed to exist. Probable cause, as used herein, means reliable information that would lead a reasonably prudent and cautious man to a natural belief that:

- (i) An offense probably is about to be, is being, or has been committed;
- (ii) Specific fruits or instrumentalities of the crime, contraband, or evidence exist; and
- (iii) Such fruits, instrumentalities, contraband, or evidence are probably in a certain place.

(2) If, after considering all information, the judge shall decide to issue a search warrant, such warrant shall specifically include the following information:

- (i) The time and date the warrant was requested;
- (ii) The name and capacity of the person, official, security patrolman, shore patrolman, or other duly designated peace officer requesting the warrant;
- (iii) The name and address of the person(s) suspected and the specific offense(s) of which he is suspected;
- (iv) The address, place, or structure which is to be searched;
- (v) The general nature of the items intended to be seized;